



Transworld Research Network  
37/661 (2), Fort P.O.  
Trivandrum-695 023  
Kerala, India

Industrial Application of Plasma Process, 2009: 15-23 ISBN: 978-81-7895-457-8 Editor: Shunjiro Ikezawa

### 3. Rearrangement of twisted carbon nanofibers by filamentary discharge treatment in $N_2$ gas

Yuichiro Shinohara<sup>1</sup>, Yuji Hosokawa<sup>1</sup>, Masashi Yokota<sup>1</sup>, Hajime Shiki<sup>1</sup>  
Shinichiro Oke<sup>1</sup>, Yoshiyuki Suda<sup>1</sup>, Hirofumi Takikawa<sup>1</sup>, Yohei Fujimura<sup>2</sup>  
Tatsuo Yamaura<sup>2</sup>, Shigeo Itoh<sup>2</sup>, Hitoshi Ue<sup>3</sup> and Masakatsu Morioki<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Toyohashi University of Technology, 1-1 Hibarigaoka, Tempaku, Toyohashi, Aichi 441-8580, Japan; <sup>2</sup>Fundamental Research Department Toho Gas Co., Ltd., 507-2 Shinpo, Tokai, Aichi 476-8501, Japan; <sup>3</sup>Research and Development Center Futaba Corporation, 1080 Yabutsuka, Chosei-mura, Chosei-gun, Chiba 299-4395, Japan; <sup>4</sup>Fuji Research Laboratory, Tokai Carbon Co., Ltd., 394-1 Subashiri, Oyama, Sunto, Shizuoka 410-1431, Japan

**Abstract.** Filamentary discharge was applied to screen-printed twisted carbon nanofiber (carbon nanotwist, CNTw) field emitter for surface treatment using dielectric barrier discharge apparatus. The effects of surface treatment on CNTw by a glow discharge using He gas and a filamentary discharge using Ar, Air,  $N_2$  gases were evaluated. It was observed that the filamentary discharge breaks the CNTw agglomeration on the printed CNTw pattern and rearranges CNTw outside of the printed area.  $N_2$  gas worked to rearrange CNTw uniformly, compared with Ar and Air. As the flow rate of  $N_2$  gas increased, the number of rearranged CNTw increased in the direction of gas flow. By this result, it is concluded that the rearranged CNTws were transported by gas flow. The rearranged CNTws were made to stand up and their length was shortened with an increase of the treatment time.

Correspondence/Reprint request: Dr. Yuichiro Shinohara, Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering Toyohashi University of Technology, 1-1 Hibarigaoka, Tempaku, Toyohashi, Aichi 441-8580, Japan